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ADOPTION AMENDMENTS

2021 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH



**Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 

26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:
28	None
29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	AMENDS:
31	26-2-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 137
32	26-2-25, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 202
33	26-2-28, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
34	78B-6-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 214
35	78B-6-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 137
36	78B-6-120.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 458
37	78B-6-136.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 340
38	78B-6-140, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 340
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40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section <b>26-2-10</b> is amended to read:
42	26-2-10. Supplementary certificate of birth.
43	[(1) Any person born in this state who is legitimized by the subsequent marriage of the
44	person's natural parents, or whose parentage has been determined by any U.S. state court or
45	Canadian provincial court having jurisdiction, or who has been legally adopted under the law
46	of this or any other state or any province of Canada, may request the state registrar to register a
47	supplementary birth certificate on the basis of that status.]
48	(1) An individual born in this state may request the state registrar to register a
49	supplementary birth certificate for the individual if:
50	(a) the individual is legitimized by the subsequent marriage of the individual's natural
51	parents;
52	(b) the individual's parentage has been determined by a state court of the United States
53	or a Canadian provincial court with jurisdiction; or
54	(c) the individual has been legally adopted, as a child or as an adult, under the law of
55	this state, any other state, or any province of Canada.
56	(2) The application for registration of a supplementary birth certificate may be made

57	by <u>:</u>
58	(a) the [person] individual requesting registration[7] under Subsection (1) if the
59	[person] individual is of legal age[, by];
60	(b) a legal representative[, or by]; or
61	(c) any agency authorized to receive children for placement or adoption under the laws
62	of this or any other state.
63	(3) (a) The state registrar shall require that an applicant submit identification and proof
64	according to department rules.
65	(b) In the case of an adopted [person] individual, that proof may be established by
66	order of the court in which the adoption proceedings were held.
67	(4) (a) After the supplementary birth certificate is registered, any information disclosed
68	from the record shall be from the supplementary birth certificate.
69	(b) Access to the original birth certificate and to the evidence submitted in support of
70	the supplementary birth certificate are not open to inspection except upon the order of a Utah
71	district court or [as provided under] as described in Section 78B-6-141 or Section 78B-6-144.
72	Section 2. Section 26-2-25 is amended to read:
73	26-2-25. Divorce or adoption Duty of court clerk to file certificates or reports.
74	(1) [(a)] For each adoption, annulment of adoption, divorce, and annulment of marriage
75	ordered or decreed in this state, the clerk of the court shall prepare a divorce certificate or
76	report of adoption on a form furnished by the state registrar.
77	(2) The petitioner shall provide the information necessary to prepare the certificate or
78	report [when he files the petition with the clerk] under Subsection (1).
79	[(b)] (3) The clerk shall:
80	(a) prepare the certificate or report [and, immediately after the decree or order becomes
81	final, shall] under Subsection (1); and
82	(b) complete the remaining entries for the certificate or report immediately after the
83	decree or order becomes final.
84	(4) On or before the 15th day of each month, the clerk shall forward the divorce
85	certificates and reports of adoption <u>under Subsection (1)</u> completed by [him] the clerk during
86	the preceding month to the state registrar.
87	[(2) If there is filed with the clerk of the court in an adoption proceeding a written

88	consent to adoption by an agency licensed under the laws of the state to receive children for
89	placement or adoption, the agency by its authorized representative shall prepare and complete
90	the report of adoption and forward it to the state registrar immediately after entry of the decree
91	of adoption.]
92	(5) (a) A report of adoption under Subsection (1) may be provided to the attorney who
93	is providing representation of a party to the adoption or the child-placing agency, as defined in
94	Section 78B-6-103, that is placing the child.
95	(b) If a report of adoption is provided to the attorney or the child-placing agency, as
96	defined in Section 78B-6-103, the attorney or the child-placing agency shall immediately
97	provide the report of adoption to the state registrar.
98	Section 3. Section 26-2-28 is amended to read:
99	26-2-28. Birth certificate for foreign adoptees.
100	Upon presentation of a court order of adoption and an order establishing the fact, time,
101	and place of birth under Section 26-2-15, the department shall prepare a birth certificate for
102	[any person] an individual who:
103	(1) was adopted under the laws of this state; and
104	(2) was at the time of adoption, as a child or as an adult, considered an alien child or
105	adult for whom the court received documentary evidence of [legal residence] lawful admission
106	under Section 78B-6-108.
107	Section 4. Section <b>78B-6-105</b> is amended to read:
108	78B-6-105. Venue Jurisdiction over nonresidents Time for filing.
109	[(1) Adoption proceedings shall be commenced by filing a petition with the clerk of the
110	district court either:]
111	[(a) in the district where the prospective adoptive parent resides;]
112	[(b) if the prospective adoptive parent is not a resident of this state, in the district
113	where:
114	[(i) the adoptee was born;]
115	[(ii) the adoptee resides on the day on which the petition is filed; or]
116	[(iii) a parent of the proposed adoptee resides on the day on which the petition is filed;
117	or]
118	[(c) with the juvenile court as provided in Subsection 78A-6-103(2).]

119	(1) (a) Notwithstanding Title /8B, Chapter 3, Part 3, Place of Trial Venue, an
120	adoption proceeding shall be commenced by filing a petition for adoption:
121	(i) in the juvenile court in accordance with Section 78A-6-110 if the juvenile court has
122	jurisdiction over the proceeding under Subsection 78A-6-103(2); or
123	(ii) in the district court where:
124	(A) the prospective adoptive parent resides;
125	(B) a child-placing agency with custody of the adoptee conducts the child-placing
126	agency's business;
127	(C) the adoptee was born;
128	(D) the adoptee resides on the day on which petition is filed; or
129	(E) a parent of the proposed adoptee resides on the day on which the petition is filed.
130	(b) If a petition is filed in a district court that is not the proper court for the adoption
131	proceeding, the district court may transfer the adoption proceeding to the proper court in
132	accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 42.
133	(2) All <u>petitions</u> , orders, decrees, agreements, and notices in [the proceedings] <u>an</u>
134	adoption proceeding shall be filed with the clerk of the court [where the adoption proceedings
135	were commenced under Subsection (1)] where the adoption proceeding is held.
136	(3) A petition for adoption:
137	(a) may be filed before the birth of a child;
138	(b) may be filed before or after the adoptee is placed in the home of the petitioner for
139	the purpose of adoption; and
140	(c) shall be filed no later than 30 days after the day on which the adoptee is placed in
141	the home of the petitioners for the purpose of adoption, unless:
142	(i) the time for filing has been extended by the court; or
143	(ii) the adoption is arranged by a child-placing agency in which case the agency may
144	extend the filing time.
145	(4) (a) If a person whose consent for the adoption is required under Section 78B-6-120
146	or 78B-6-121 cannot be found within the state, the fact of the minor's presence within the state
147	shall confer jurisdiction on the court in proceedings under this chapter as to such absent person
148	provided that due notice has been given in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
149	(b) The notice may not include the name of:

150	(i) a prospective adoptive parent; or
151	(ii) an unmarried mother without her consent.
152	(5) Service of notice [as provided] described in Subsection (6) shall vest the court with
153	jurisdiction over the person served in the same manner and to the same extent as if the person
154	served was served personally within the state.
155	(6) In the case of service outside the state, service completed not less than five days
156	before the time set in the notice for appearance of the person served shall be sufficient to confer
157	jurisdiction.
158	(7) Computation of periods of time not otherwise set forth in this section shall be made
159	in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
160	Section 5. Section <b>78B-6-115</b> is amended to read:
161	78B-6-115. Who may adopt Adoption of minor Adoption of adult.
162	(1) [For purposes of] As used in this section, "vulnerable adult" means:
163	(a) [a person 65 years of age] an individual who is 65 years old or older; or
164	(b) an adult[, 18 years of age] who is 18 years old or older, and who has a mental or
165	physical impairment [which] that substantially affects that [person's] adult's ability to:
166	(i) provide personal protection;
167	(ii) provide necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, or medical or other health care;
168	(iii) obtain services necessary for health, safety, or welfare;
169	(iv) carry out the activities of daily living;
170	(v) manage the adult's own resources; or
171	(vi) comprehend the nature and consequences of remaining in a situation of abuse,
172	neglect, or exploitation.
173	(2) Subject to this section and Section 78B-6-117, any adult may be adopted by another
174	adult.
175	(3) The following provisions of this part apply to the adoption of an adult just as
176	though the [person] individual being adopted were a minor:
177	(a) (i) Section 78B-6-108;
178	(ii) Section 78B-6-114;
179	(iii) Section 78B-6-116;
180	(iv) Section 78B-6-118;

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181	(v) Section 78B-6-124;
182	(vi) Section 78B-6-136;
183	(vii) Section 78B-6-137;
184	(viii) Section 78B-6-138;
185	(ix) Section 78B-6-139;
186	(x) Section 78B-6-141; and
187	(xi) Section 78B-6-142;
188	(b) Subsections $[78B-6-105(1)(a), (1)(b)(i), (1)(b)(ii), (2), and (7)]$ $[78B-6-105(1)(a)(i), (1)(b)(ii), (2), and (7)]$
189	(1)(a)(ii)(A), (1)(a)(ii)(C), (1)(a)(ii)(D), (1)(b), (2), and (7), except that the juvenile court does
190	not have jurisdiction over a proceeding for adoption of an adult, unless the adoption arises from
191	a case where the juvenile court has continuing jurisdiction over the mature adoptee; and
192	(c) if the mature adoptee is a vulnerable adult, Sections 78B-6-128 through 78B-6-131,
193	regardless of whether the mature adoptee resides, or will reside, with the [adoptors] adopters,
194	unless the court, based on a finding of good cause, waives the requirements of those sections.
195	(4) Before a court enters a final decree of adoption of a mature adoptee, the mature
196	adoptee and the prospective adoptive parent or parents shall appear before the court presiding
197	over the adoption [proceedings] proceeding and execute consent to the adoption.
198	(5) No provision of this part, other than those listed or described in this section or
199	Section 78B-6-117, apply to the adoption of an adult.
200	Section 6. Section <b>78B-6-120.1</b> is amended to read:
201	78B-6-120.1. Implied consent.
202	(1) [ <del>(a)</del> ] As used in this section[ <del>, "abandonment"</del> ]:
203	(a) "Abandonment" means failure of a father, with reasonable knowledge of the
204	pregnancy, to offer and provide financial and emotional support to the birth mother for a period
205	of six months before the day on which the adoptee is born.
206	(b) "Emotional support" means a pattern of statements or actions that indicate to a
207	reasonable person that a father intends to provide for the physical and emotional well-being of
208	an unborn child.
209	[(b)] (2) (a) A court may not determine that a father abandoned the birth mother if the
210	father failed to provide financial or emotional support because the birth mother refused to
211	accept support.

212	[(2) (a) As used in this section, "emotional support" means a pattern of statements or
213	actions that indicate to a reasonable person that a father intends to provide for the physical and
214	emotional well-being of an unborn child.]
215	(b) A court may not find that a father failed to provide emotional support if the father's
216	failure was due to impossibility of performance.
217	(3) Consent or relinquishment, as required by Subsection 78B-6-120(1), may be
218	implied by any of the following acts:
219	(a) abandonment;
220	(b) leaving the adoptee with a third party, without providing the third party with the
221	parent's identification, for 30 consecutive days;
222	(c) knowingly leaving the adoptee with another person, without providing for support,
223	communicating, or otherwise maintaining a substantial relationship with the adoptee, for six
224	consecutive months; or
225	(d) receiving notification of a pending adoption proceeding under Subsection
226	78B-6-110(6) or of a termination proceeding under Section 78B-6-112 and failing to respond
227	as required.
228	(4) Implied consent under Subsection (3)[ <del>(a)</del> ] may not be withdrawn.
229	(5) Nothing in this section negates the requirements of Section 78B-6-121 or
230	78B-6-122 for an unmarried biological father.
231	Section 7. Section <b>78B-6-136.5</b> is amended to read:
232	78B-6-136.5. Timing of entry of final decree of adoption Posthumous adoption.
233	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a final decree of adoption may not be entered
234	until the earlier of:
235	(a) when the child has lived in the home of the prospective adoptive parent for six
236	months; or
237	(b) when the child has been placed for adoption with the prospective adoptive parent
238	for six months.
239	(2) (a) If the prospective adoptive parent is the spouse of the [pre-existing] preexisting
240	parent, a final decree of adoption may not be entered until the child has lived in the home of
241	that prospective adoptive parent for one year, unless, based on a finding of good cause, the
242	court orders that the final decree of adoption may be entered at an earlier time.

243	(b) The court may, based on a finding of good cause, order that the final decree of
244	adoption be entered at an earlier time than described in Subsection (1).
245	(3) [If the child dies during the time that the child is placed in the home of a
246	prospective adoptive parent or parents for the purpose of adoption, the] The court has authority
247	to enter a final decree of adoption after [the] a child's death upon the request of the prospective
248	adoptive parent or parents[-] of the child if:
249	(a) the child dies during the time that the child is placed in the home of a prospective
250	adoptive parent or parents for the purpose of adoption; or
251	(b) the prospective adoptive parent is the spouse of a preexisting parent of the child and
252	the child lived with the prospective adoptive parent before the child's death.
253	[(4) The court may enter a final decree of adoption declaring that a child is adopted by
254	both a deceased and a surviving adoptive parent if, after the child is placed in the home of the
255	child's prospective adoptive parents:]
256	[(a) one of the prospective adoptive parents dies;]
257	[(b) the surviving prospective adoptive parent requests that the court enter the decree;
258	and]
259	[(c) the decree is entered after the child has lived in the home of the surviving
260	prospective adoptive parent for at least six months.]
261	(4) The court may enter a final decree of adoption declaring that a child is adopted by:
262	(a) both a deceased and a surviving adoptive parent if after the child is placed in the
263	home of the child's prospective adoptive parents:
264	(i) one of the prospective adoptive parents dies;
265	(ii) the surviving prospective adoptive parent requests that the court enter the decree;
266	<u>and</u>
267	(iii) the decree is entered after the child has lived in the home of the surviving
268	prospective adoptive parent for at least six months; or
269	(b) a spouse of a preexisting parent if after the child has lived with the spouse of the
270	preexisting parent:
271	(i) the preexisting parent, or the spouse of preexisting parent, dies;
272	(ii) the preexisting parent, or the spouse of the preexisting parent, requests that the
273	court enter the decree; and

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(i) pregnancy;

274 (iii) the child has lived in the same home as the spouse of the preexisting parent for at 275 least one year. 276 (5) Upon request of a surviving [pre-existing] preexisting parent, or a surviving parent 277 for whom adoption of a child has been finalized, the court may enter a final decree of adoption 278 declaring that a child is adopted by a deceased adoptive parent who was the spouse of the 279 surviving parent at the time of the prospective adoptive parent's death. 280 (6) The court may enter a final decree of adoption declaring that a child is adopted by 281 both deceased prospective adoptive parents if: 282 (a) both of the prospective adoptive parents die after the child is placed in the 283 prospective adoptive parents' home; and 284 (b) it is in the best interests of the child to enter the decree. 285 (7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to grant any rights to the [pre-existing] 286 preexisting parents of a child to assert any interest in the child during the six-month or one-year 287 periods described in this section. 288 Section 8. Section **78B-6-140** is amended to read: 289 78B-6-140. Itemization of fees and expenses. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), [prior to] before the date that a final decree of 290 291 adoption is entered, an affidavit regarding fees and expenses, signed by the prospective 292 adoptive parent or parents and the person or agency placing the child, shall be filed with the 293 court. 294 (2) The affidavit described in Subsection (1) shall itemize the following items in 295 connection with the adoption: 296 (a) all legal expenses, maternity expenses, medical or hospital expenses, and living 297 expenses that have been or will be paid to or on behalf of the [pre-existing] preexisting parents 298 of the child, including the source of payment; 299 (b) fees paid by the prospective adoptive parent or parents in connection with the 300 adoption;

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(c) all gifts, property, or other items that have been or will be provided to the

[pre-existing] preexisting parents, including the source of the gifts, property, or other items;

(d) all public funds used for any medical or hospital costs in connection with the:

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305	(ii) delivery of the child; or
306	(iii) care of the child;
307	(e) the state of residence of the:
308	(i) birth mother or the [pre-existing] preexisting parents; and
309	(ii) prospective adoptive parent or parents;
310	(f) a description of services provided to the prospective adoptive parents or
311	[pre-existing] preexisting parents in connection with the adoption; and
312	(g) that Section 76-7-203 has not been violated.
313	(3) [A] If a child-placing agency, that is licensed by this state, placed the child, a copy
314	of the affidavit described in Subsection (1) shall be provided to the Office of Licensing within
315	the Department of Human Services.
316	(4) This section does not apply if the prospective adoptive parent is the legal spouse of
317	a [pre-existing] preexisting parent.